

Risk Assessment

Risk Assessment for the activity of	Brothers Bowling	Date	02/10/2024
Unit/Faculty/Directorate	Southampton Islamic Society	Assessor	Aqib Quraishi
Line Manager/Supervisor	Mohammed Saqib Shohel	Signed off	Mohammed Saqib Shohel

PART A

(1) Risk identification			(2) Risk assessment				(3) Risk management			
Hazard	Potential Consequences	Who might be harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Inherent			Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Residual			Further controls (use the risk hierarchy)
			L i k e l i h o o d	I m p a c t	S c o r e		L i k e l i h o o d	I m p a c t	S c o r e	
Injury caused involving the ball	Severe bruising amongst other injuries	Students attending the event	2	4	8	Make sure to take care when handling the ball. Take into consideration the weight of the ball before choosing.	2	2	4	Taking care when throwing the ball

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Slips, trips and falls	Physical injury	Students attending the event	2	2	4	<p>.Taking care to wear appropriate shoes to minimise the risk of slipping. Also stay within the safety parameters outlined by the bowling staff.</p> <p>· Ensure all equipment to be used are neatly and carefully organised</p> <p>· Extra vigilance will be paid to make sure that any spilled food products/objects are cleaned up quickly and efficiently in the area.</p> <p>· Report any trip hazards to venue staff asap. If cannot be removed mark off with hazard signs</p>	2	1	2	<p>.Taking special care to ensure people stand safely behind the thrower</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Seek medical attention from venue staff if in need •Contact emergency services if needed <p>All incidents are to be reported on the as soon as possible.</p>
Fingers getting stuck or twisted in ball	Strain caused to fingers and wrist. Could also cause fingers to break.	Students attending the event	2	2	4	Taking special consideration when selecting the weight of the ball to throw. Make sure the thrower holds the ball with both hands before throwing.	1	2	2	Teach any new bowlers the hand technique before they throw the balls.
Insufficient Fire Safety awareness	If a fire alarm is triggered, people may not know where to go- Crushing, falls, burns and smoke inhalation arising	Students attending the event	4	3	12	· Ensure that people know where the nearest fire exist are and the meeting place is outside, should it be needed	1	2	2	Have a member of staff on hand from the facility who can answer any safety related questions any student may have.

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	from induced panic, reduced space in buildings and external walkways, obstructed fire exits, build-up of flammable materials i.e. waste cardboard/boxes.					-Build-up of rubbish is to be kept to a minimum. Excess build up is to be removed promptly and deposited in the designated areas.				

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Food, products	Allergic Reactions	Attendees	2	3	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check if any attendees have any allergies and ensure make sure they're equipped with the necessary medical equipment • Prohibit attendees from bringing any food especially those with common allergens unless required for medical purposes, if so any allergens should be announced clearly so everyone is aware 	1	2	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seek medical attention from venue staff if in needed • Contact emergency services if needed All incidents are to be reported on the as soon as possible. Follow SUSU incident report policy

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Socials/Meetings - Medical emergency	Members may sustain injury /become unwell pre-existing medical conditions Sickness Distress	Attendees	3	5	15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advise participants; to bring their personal medication • Committee or venue staff to carry out first aid if necessary and only if qualified and confident to do so • Contact emergency services as required 111/999 Venue staff for first aid support 	2	5	10	Follow SUSU incident report policy

PART B - Action Plan

Risk Assessment Action Plan

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Part no.	Action to be taken, incl. Cost	By whom	Target date	Review date	Outcome at review date
	Ensure all control measures are implemented	Faisal Shahin	25/09/2024	25/09/2024	
	Committee to read and share SUSU Expect Respect Policy	Relevant committee members - president to ensure complete.	25/09/2024	25/09/2024	
Responsible committee members signature: Aqib Quraishi				Responsible committee members signature: Muhammed Saqib Shohel	
Print name: Aqib Quraishi			Date:4/9/2024	Print name: Mohammed Saqib Shohel	
				Date:04/09/2024	

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Assessment Guidance

1. Eliminate	Remove the hazard wherever possible which negates the need for further controls	If this is not possible then explain why	
2. Substitute	Replace the hazard with one less hazardous	If not possible then explain why	
3. Physical controls	Examples: enclosure, fume cupboard, glove box	Likely to still require admin controls as well	
4. Admin controls	Examples: training, supervision, signage		
5. Personal protection	Examples: respirators, safety specs, gloves	Last resort as it only protects the individual	

L I K E L I H O O D	5	5	10	15	20	25
	4	4	8	12	16	20
	3	3	6	9	12	15
	2	2	4	6	8	10
	1	1	2	3	4	5
		1	2	3	4	5
		IMPACT				

Risk process

Identify the impact and likelihood using the tables above.

Identify the risk rating by multiplying the Impact by the likelihood using the coloured matrix.

If the risk is amber or red – identify control measures to reduce the risk to as low as is reasonably practicable.

If the residual risk is green, additional controls are not necessary.

If the residual risk is amber the activity can continue but you must identify and implement further controls to reduce the risk to as low as reasonably practicable.

If the residual risk is red do not continue with the activity until additional controls have been implemented and the risk is reduced.

Control measures should follow the risk hierarchy, where appropriate as per the pyramid above.

Impact		Health & Safety
1	Trivial - insignificant	Very minor injuries e.g. slight bruising
2	Minor	Injuries or illness e.g. small cut or abrasion which require basic first aid treatment even in self-administered.
3	Moderate	Injuries or illness e.g. strain or sprain requiring first aid or medical support.
4	Major	Injuries or illness e.g. broken bone requiring medical support >24 hours and time off work >4 weeks.
5	Severe - extremely significant	Fatality or multiple serious injuries or illness requiring hospital admission or significant time off work.

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Likelihood	
1	Rare e.g. 1 in 100,000 chance or higher
2	Unlikely e.g. 1 in 10,000 chance or higher
3	Possible e.g. 1 in 1,000 chance or higher
4	Likely e.g. 1 in 100 chance or higher
5	Very Likely e.g. 1 in 10 chance or higher